

THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

\$1.50 PER YEAR

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, JUNE 5, 1919

VOL. XXXII. NO. 40

SCHOOLS TO CLOSE FRIDAY

**A Class of Fourteen Will
Graduate From Township
High School**

NINE LEAVE GRADE SCHOOL

This is the last week of school and as usual it is a busy week, with examinations to be completed and arrangements for commencement exercises to be made.

The graduating class at the High school numbers fourteen, five girls and nine boys. Their names are:

Ethel Runyard, Edna Richards, Ruth Pollock, Margaret Drom, Ida Mae Runyard, Arthur B. Trieger, Wm. Sheehan, Clara Sherwood, Raymond Taylor, Wm. Morley, Ralph James, James L. Thain, Merrill Sabin, Frank Powles.

The commencement exercises will be held in the high school auditorium on Friday evening, June 6.

Mr. Adams who has held the position of principal of the school every since it was established, has declined an offer to return for another year on account of giving up teaching for this year, in order to return to Normal to take his B. E. Degree.

Miss Brand, the History and English instructor is to return again for another year.

Miss Dean, the Language teacher, returns to her same position next year.

Miss Kiehlner, the Science teacher will not return.

Miss Fraeker, who has had charge of Household Science will not return.

At present no one has been engaged to fill the three vacancies.

The grade school with Miss Doud as principal has just completed a most successful year's work.

Miss Peck, who has had charge of the first and second grades, reports that of the eighteen first graders ten have passed into the second, and that of the twenty-two second graders not one failed and the entire class has been promoted to the third grade.

The third and fourth grades have been under the instruction of Mrs. Nason Sibley for the past couple of months and she reports the following promotions:

From third to fourth grade
Roberta Lewis, Dorothy Brogan, Edna Verrier, Herbert Bown, William Dupre, Lloyd Murrie, Laura Anderson, Donald Davis, Ray VanPatten, Marion Willie, Millie Levinson, Florence Levinson, Geo. Wagner, Ruth Cribb, Homer Tiffany, Edward Steininger, Egan Christianson.

From fourth to fifth grade
Bertha Verrier, Ruth Beebe, Robert Alvors, Gladys Davis, Adella Rentner, Ruth Anderson, Hilma Rosing, Georgia Bacon, Mary Herman, Irma Hanke, Robert Morrell, Oliver Dibble, Lester Lasco, Harold Clark, John O'Brien, Robert Savage, John Davis, Emmett Webb, Myrtle Peterson, Ruth Hanke, Stephen Pacini, Martha Hillebrand, F. Story, (conditioned), Aretas Keulman, (conditioned), Jason Lynch, (conditioned), Margaret Wagoner, (conditioned).

There were no failures in the fourth grade.

Miss Heater Goldy, who has had charge of the fifth and sixth grades reports promotions as follows:

From fifth to sixth,
Dorothy Anderson, Charles Alvors, Gladys Barthel, Dorothy Brockhus, Margaret Dunn, Bernice Folbrick, Bessie Fish, Irene Kettlehut, Helen Kettlehut, Joe Kret, Sam Levinson, William Lasco, Arthur Lubkemann (conditioned), John Olson, Robert Morley, Myrtle Norman, Charles Stickle, Elmer Steininger, Arthur Wertz.

From sixth to seventh,
Francis Brodie, (conditioned), Elmer Dibble, Edith Edgar, Margaret Golden, Marguerite Grice, Augusta Hucker, Lillian Hanke, George Lynch, Henry Olson, Elmer Peterson (conditioned), Wesley Story, Genevieve Sanborn, Maybelle Stickle, Harry Willett.

There were no failures in the sixth grade.

Miss Doud has given personal instruction to the seventh and eighth grades and reports promotions as follows:

From Seventh to Eighth,
Carl Anderson, Ada Chinn, Helen

Herbert Vos and Wife in Near Auto Accident

Mr. and Mrs. H. Vos, came very near to being mixed up in a bad auto accident last Saturday. While driving north on their way to Burlington as they came to Benham's corners they saw a large touring car coming at a terrific rate of speed from the east. Both drivers realized that it was going to be a close shave, but Vos who was driving at a moderate rate had full control of his car and consequently kept his head.

The other driver acting on the spur of the moment tried to make a turn and just then one of the rear wheels gave way. In less than a second the big car had turned over pinning its nine occupants underneath with barely three feet between it and the Vos machine.

As quickly as possible the occupants were released and it was found that the top of the car had served to save them from serious injury. One woman was at first thought to be badly hurt and was sent to Kenosha in an ambulance but later her injuries were pronounced to be of a minor nature, although a false report of her death was circulated. The party was on their way to Twin Lakes for a picnic, but the desire to "get there quick" prevented them from getting there at all.

Contract for Belvidere Road is Awarded

The State Highway Department at Springfield Monday telegraphed instructions to the Road and Bridge committee of the Lake County supervisors instructing them to award to Paschen brothers the contract for putting in the contract paving on Belvidere street from Grayslake to Volo. This includes two sections of the road and includes the furnishing of cement.

The Standard Paving company received the contract for putting in the stretch of road between Milwaukee road and Grayslake. This means that the work of putting in the new state road will be started immediately. The awarding of the contract had been referred to the state department because the bid of the contractors exceeded the estimate of the county superintendent of highways.

Falls Down Elevator Shaft

Mike Golden met with quite a serious accident while in Williams Bros. store last Monday. He had been outside after some wire and entered the store by the rear door. Mistaking his way he walked directly into the elevator shaft and the elevator being down at the time he pitched downward from the first floor to the basement. As a result of the fall he was considerably bruised and shaken up and both bones of his right leg were broken. He was picked up and carried at once to the doctor's office where the broken bones were set, and later he was taken to his home. He will be laid up for some time from the effects of the accident.

Notice of Joint Meeting June 6

There will be a joint meeting of the Village Board and the Commercial association Friday evening, June 6, at which time Attorney E. M. Runyard and County Superintendent of Highway Russell will be here for the purpose of taking up matters of importance. Every member of the Board and every member of the Association is invited to attend.

W. R. Williams, Sec'y.

Cribb, Dorothy Beebe, Ardis Grimm, Albert Herman, Richard Kaye, Daisy Richards, Leota Savage, Marion Spangard, Gladys Stickle, Lena Stickle, Albert Tiffany, Charles Stearns, Letha La Plant, Burdette Johnson, George Eek (conditioned).

There were no failures in the seventh grade.

From Eighth to High School,
Gordon Ames, Elizabeth Anderson, Beulah Harrison, Ruth Kettlehut, Antoinette Smart, Howard Spafford, Wesley Wertz, Russell and George Keulman (conditioned).

There was one failure in the eighth grade.

The promotion exercises of the grade school will be held at the high school auditorium this (Thursday) evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Miss Peck will return to the primary room next year and Miss Heater Goldy will again take charge of the fifth and sixth grades. Miss McNamara, of Burlington, will have charge of the third and fourth grades the coming year. Miss Doud will not return, but as yet no one has been secured to take her place. On account of the board having decided not to employ an assistant teacher, Miss Jennie Willett will not be retained.

MOTHER OF 4 ARRESTED FOR MURDER

**Highland Park Wife Held as
Husband's Slayer, as An-
alysis Shows Poison**

HUSBAND DIED ON MAY 15

Mrs. Grace Strang, mother of four children, was arrested last week Thursday on a charge of having murdered her husband Herbert, who died May 15, at his home, 438 Lincoln place, Highland Park.

Mrs. Strang was ordered held without bonds in the Lake county jail at Waukegan following the report of Coroner's Physician Wm. McNally of Chicago that the contents of the dead man's stomach showed a considerable quantity of strychnine.

"I am innocent," said Mrs. Strang. "The charge is preposterous."

"If Herbert Strang died of poisoning somebody other than Mrs. Strang administered it," said her brother, Wm. Ives of Highland, superintendent of transportation of the Chicago North Shore and Electric railroad. "I shall fight this case with all the means at my command."

State's Attorney James G. Welch of Lake county issued a statement that "Mrs. Strang had an affair with another man and for that reason desired to be free of her husband."

At his request the preliminary hearing, convened last Thursday before Justice Leo P. Farmer at Waukegan, was continued until June 5, to permit the state to assemble additional evidence.

Sheriff Elmer Green arrested Mrs. Strang at her Highland Park home. She was in the midst of housework and was surrounded by her four children, the oldest of whom, Kenneth, is 15 years. The others are Donald, 13; Leonore, the only daughter 9, and Thomas 4.

Strang, 49 years old, an employee for twenty years of the Chicago, North Shore and Electric railroad, had lived the greater part of his life in Highland Park. He was in comfortable circumstances. He owned his own home. He was the son of Thomas Strang, formerly chairman of the board of supervisors of Lake county.

The first intimation that the authorities suspected his death might not have occurred from natural causes came on May 18, when Coroner John L. Taylor of Lake county ordered an analysis of the stomach contents, Mrs. Strang at the inquest said she believed death had been caused by embolism. The inquest was continued.

The testimony was that on the night of May 15, Strang had eaten heartily of a meal prepared by Mrs. Strang. He had gone to bed soon after in the apartment occupied by him and his son, Thomas, on the first floor. Mrs. Strang and the other three children retired for the night to the second floor.

About 11 o'clock Thomas heard his father groaning and notified the mother. She came downstairs and summoned a physician. He died before the physician arrived, without regaining consciousness.

Mr. and Mrs. Strang had not been living together. For fifteen months she had made her home at Bostwick, Fla. She had returned to Highland Park May 1, two weeks before he died.

State's Attorney James G. Welch, who issued the startling statement Tuesday that he would be able, at the proper time, to tell where, when and by whom the strychnine was purchased which resulted in the death of Herbert Strang, and further that he would be able to prove that Mrs. Strang was the murderer, sprang a still further surprise Wednesday morning when he announced that he will go before Circuit Judge Edwards and ask permission to have a special jury called at once to consider the case.

The preliminary hearing was set for Thursday morning. The prosecutor called up Attorney R. J. Dady, counsel for Mrs. Strang, and served notice that he will ask for a week's continuance when the case is called. He admitted to the defendant's counsel his plan is to summon a special grand jury.

Mr. Welch gave as his reason that he does not care at this time to uncover the evidence which he has uncovered and which he would have to at a preliminary hearing if he has any hope of

Weather Report for the Month of May

April 1919—Warmest day 93 on the 30. Coldest day 38 above on 5th. Average temperature 55.9. Total rainfall 3.81 inches.

April 1918—Warmest day 87 on the 31. Coldest day 30 above on the 1. Average temperature 61.3 Total rainfall 4.23 inches.

April 1917—Warmest day 87 on the 17. Coldest day 3 above on the 31. Average temperature 51.7 Total rainfall 2.41 inches.

April 1916—Warmest day 80 on the 11. Coldest day 34 above on the 17th. Average temperature 52.35. Total rainfall 7.92 inches.

April 1914—Warmest day 91 on the 26. Coldest day 33 above on the 1st. Average temperature 66.33. Total rainfall 6.76 inches.

April 1913—Warmest day 85 on the 2. Coldest day 27 above on the 11th. Average temperature 51.34. Total rainfall 4.47 inches.

April 1912—Warmest day 89 on the 23. Coldest day 34 above on the 19. Average temperature 58.66. Total rainfall 3.66 inches.

April 1911—Warmest day 94 on the 27th. Coldest day 28 above on the 1st. Average temperature 63.32. Total rainfall 3.10 inches.

April 1910—Warmest day 80 on the 19. Coldest day 28 above on the 1. Average temperature 52.34. Total rainfall 4.84 inches.

Phone Rates to Soar is Latest Joy Eradicator

Director Burleson has won his point and the telephone rates will be changed. Charles T. Ford, manager of the Waukegan branch has not as yet been advised as to when the change will take effect, but an increase in rates to Chicago telephone subscribers will be announced within the next few days, Bernard E. Sunny, president of the Chicago Telephone company, announced. "The minimum monthly guarantee for telephones in the homes will be increased," he said.

"In increasing tolls for long distance calls within the state a new basis is planned for Chicago rates, which will result in an increase to local subscribers."

"The Chicago Telephone company has been facing a financial problem because of the high cost of material and labor. We are only waiting for word from Judge Lamar, chief counsel for the Postmaster General at Washington."

The Supreme Court at Washington in a decision Monday upheld federal authority to establish interstate telephone rates.

No Such Word as Fall.

There is a difference between not succeeding and falling. The one is final; the other is only a temporary hindrance. If you persevere in spite of not succeeding, if you start again and act on the knowledge you have gained by your slip, it will not work you lasting injury. It is only when you surrender that you are really beaten. There is no such word as "fall" to one who will not give up.

Clean Photographs.

Dirty photographs are so unsightly that you will be glad to know there is a way to clean them. Moisten a soft cloth with warm water to which a little ammonia has been added, wipe the cloth out well and wipe the photographs very lightly, drying them immediately with a soft dry cloth.

Explanation.

"You were a very long time going on that errand, Tommie." "Yes, mother; but you see, I'm entered in a race at school tomorrow and I wanted to save my speed."—Pearson's Weekly.

having the defendant bound over to the grand jury.

By summoning the grand jury he can present his evidence direct and ask that Mrs. Strang be indicted. If she is indicted the preliminary hearing will not be necessary and the defense would be in the dark as to the strength of the state's case.

On the other hand if the state's attorney had to appear at the preliminary hearing and unfold all his evidence, which he would have to do in case Mrs. Strang fought the case, and Attorney Dady has intimated that this course is contemplated instead of waiving examination, the state's case would have been weakened and the defense would have a better opportunity to prepare a case.

The fact that the state is asking but a week's continuance indicates that the case may be presented to the grand jury before the end of the week.

NEWS ITEMS OF INTEREST

**Our Exchanges Have Many
Items of Different Events
Concerning News**

NEWS OF VARIOUS KINDS

It is reported that officials have decided to sell the auditorium of the Delavan lake assembly and divide the land into building lots.

Peter Grob, of Kenosha, last week admitted he had been selling automobiles, known to have been stolen in Chicago, for the past two years. He was taken to Chicago for trial.

George Dwinell, of Waukegan, on a bid of \$186,000 was awarded the contract for building the new high school at Waukegan. Heating, lighting, etc., will bring the cost of the building to \$257,939.

A chaletauqua will be held in Delavan at the city park July 31 to August 4. The program for the five days' session is put on by the Mutual Chaletauqua Co. Wm. H. Taft is scheduled to speak Sunday, August 3.

Waukegan has the second highest smokestack in the state. The one completed some time ago by the Werra Aluminum Co., is 218 feet high, which is just two feet lower than the one of the Pabst Brewing Co., at Milwaukee, the highest in Wisconsin.

George Knillans, of Port Atkinson, was commissioned by a Mexico City company to buy 10,000 Badger dairy animals, valued at more than \$1,500,000 and ship them as soon as possible to Mexico. This is probably the biggest single order for cattle received in the state, if not in the nation.

The Fox River Fisheries of McHenry were incorporated at Springfield, May 2, with a capital stock of \$250,000. The incorporators were Attorney Fred B. Bennett, of Woodstock; Frank B. Place and Luther P. Bostwick of Elgin. According to Attorney Bennett the company will be located south of McHenry.

The W. E. Donley Shoe Co., a factory with an output of 300 pairs of shoes weekly, is the latest addition to the industrial life of Kenosha. Announcement was made by W. E. Donley, the owner of the new concern, that the factory would be open the first week of June.

The Express Body corporation manufacturing express bodies for automobiles and a number of other articles, now located in Chicago has decided to move to Crystal Lake for the reason that the business has far exceeded the capacity of the present plant, and there is a lack of room to expand in their present location. The uncertainty of securing steady workers in the city, the tendency of factory employees in the city to drift from one factory to another is another reason for the desire of heads of the plant to move the concern.

The Olier Typewriter Co., has erected a picture memorial to their eight employees who died while in service. It is placed in a prominent position on a wall near the entrance of the factory. With the exception of the picture of Eugene Griebel, the pictures were enlarged from snapshots, factory officials being unable to locate photographs of the other seven men. The pictures are grouped in a handsome frame. Names on this gold star honor roll are: Ralph Park Wells, Carl Henry Bartlett, Wm. Ward, Carl Joseph Dittman, Ralph Hogg, Harold Beebe, Peter Umatham Eugene Griebel.

Knew She Would Be Asked.

Tillie was leaving to go over to her little cousin's house, when she suddenly turned in the door and called to her mother, "Mamma, has baby brother got any teeth yet?" When asked why she wished to know, she replied, "So I can tell Mabel's mother. She always asks me if he has any teeth yet when I goes over to play with Mabel."

Time Is Money There.

According to a Paris mathematician the adoption of Greenwich time as the standard for France increased the lighting expense of every French household about 1 per cent.

Death of Hugh R. Brogan Monday, June 2

Monday, June 2, marked the passing of Hugh R. Brogan, an aged resident of this village who for the past few weeks has been staying at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Ned Bates at Grass Lake.

Mr. Brogan, who had he lived until next November, would have reached the eightieth mile stone in life's journey, was born in Ireland. When a lad fourteen years of age he with his parents came to America and for a very short time they lived near Russell, then his father purchased the old home farm near Bean Hill, there it was that he grew to manhood.

Leaving the home place he went to Cleveland, Ohio, where he met Miss Catherine McEnany, whom he married on the second day of January 1866. Being lured by the call of the west they went immediately to Iowa, but remained there only about two years, when they came back to Illinois and purchased from his father a portion of the old home farm. There they lived until about twelve years ago when they retired from active life and came to reside in this village.

After the death of his wife he continued to live on in his own home and was cared for by his youngest daughter Florence until ill health caused her to enter a sanitarium, a few weeks ago, and he then in very poor health was taken to the home of Mrs. Bates where the last days of his life were spent.

He is survived by nine children, four daughters, Mrs. Ned Bates, Grass Lake; Mrs. B. F. Naber, and Miss Florence Brogan of Antioch, and Mrs. Geo. Yopp of Burlington, and five sons John, William and Charley of Evanston, Tom of Chicago and Ralph of Evanston. The funeral services were held at St. Peter's church this (Thursday) morning at 9:30 o'clock with burial at Mill Creek.

Wm. Hancock Has Auto Accident Last Thursday

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hancock met with quite an accident last Thursday afternoon when their car overturned on the road, a short distance south of Salem. Just as they were passing some horses Mr. Hancock turned his head for a second to look at them, and in that short space of time lost control of the machine which suddenly lurched to one side and turned over. Mr. Hancock was somewhat burned and considerably shaken up, but not seriously injured. Mrs. Hancock fared somewhat worse, her injuries consisting of numerous bruises and bumps and quite a serious injury to one leg. She is still confined to her bed but both are congratulating themselves that it was no worse and that they were spared broken bones.

Reception For Corp. White

There was a large reception at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John White last Saturday evening in honor of the safe return on Thursday last of their son, Corp. Clarence White who has seen two years service overseas with the 32nd division.

The house was tastily decorated with the National colors combined with lilacs and apple blossoms. At twelve o'clock a seven course dinner was served, covers being laid for eighty guests. Mr. Dunning gave a very cleverly worded Welcome Home speech.

To say that Clarence was glad to meet his old friends once more, after the trying experiences of the past two years, but mildly expressed his feelings. And that they were most, surely glad to see him home again was very evident from the cordial welcome they extended to him.

Relative Value of Milks.

The fat globules of goats' milk are so small that cream rises very slowly. This quality, however, gives to the milk a uniform richness not possessed by cows' milk. There are now several condensed milk factories using goats' milk, which is condensed and sold for infant feeding. Many thousands of infants are compelled to live during their first few months on condensed cows' milk, and it is not the best food for their stomachs.

Her Ears Open.

A little girl who always has her ears open for the conversation of her elders, heard her grandmother diagnosing a case of the liver. Later the little girl noticed a red spot on her arm. She ran to her grandmother, claiming: "Oh, grandma, see, the liver's too."

The Great Art.

There is but one art—to omit. If I knew how to omit I would know other knowledge. A man who knows how to omit would make an "ideal" daily paper.—Robert Louis Stevenson

The Thirteenth Commandment

By
RUPERT HUGHES

Copyright by Harper & Brothers

CHAPTER XXI—Continued.

When Bayard opened the door Clay swept in like a March gale. He flung himself at Bayard and clutched his elbows in his hands and roared: "Bayard! Bayard! It's come! We're rich! We're made! Eureka! Unedea! Munitions! Wow! Listen! The other night while I was trailing a job in darkest New Jersey I ran across a little clue, and a little man who told me a little secret. The Germans have been getting ready for this war for years, piling up guns and ammunition for Der Tag. The other countries were caught only half ready. They have stopped the Germans on the Marne, but they've been using their shells at such a rate that the famine is near. Their only hope is to buy supplies of us. They're going to dump enough contracts on this country to furnish about a million dollars to every citizen. Their agents are pussy-footing round to distribute contracts quietly.

"The Bethlehem Steel company has gathered in a big lot of them, and I had a tip that the stock was going to boom; so are a lot of other stocks. I'd sell my right arm for a little cash. But there's no market for detached right arms, so I used mine to sign up a few little contracts for placing contracts, and I've plucked them and brought them to you." He broke into dance and whirled Bayard off his feet.

Bayard tried to be patient. "That's all very interesting, Clay, but take your delusions down to Bellevue, where they'll put you in the right cell. What can you or I do with ammunition contracts?"

"Accept 'em, you blamed fift! Open up your old shut-up factory and get busy."

"We have no machinery for making ammunition."

"Get it, then, or adapt your machinery! They need millions of each article, for there are millions of men in the field using up what they've got so fast that it's only a matter of weeks before they'll be desperate."

Bayard began to see the scheme—also the obstacles. "But it takes money to make those things. Where will we get the cash for the pay rolls and the raw materials?"

"From the banks! The banks are bursting open with idle money; it's rotting on their hands!"

Bayard went aglow with the realization of the opportunity. He began to tremble at the vision of the sudden avalanches of wealth pouring down the bleak mountains of despair. He could hear the roar of the Niagaras of gold.

Daphne and Lella came rushing from concealment. Clay's headnote was so complete that he forgot his resentments and kissed them both.

Bayard was frantic to be at work. He resolved to telephone the president of his company at once and lay the matter before him. Lella cannily advised Bayard to grasp the whip hand of the situation and keep it. She began to dance about the room like a Miriam celebrating the passage of the Red sea.

"The first thing we'll do," she said, "will be to get my jewelry out of the pawnshop and the second will be to buy some more. And, oh, the dresses and the hats!"

This asserted a sobering effect on Bayard. "No," he announced. "We've gone through hades once because I gambled away my reserves. This time I'm going to get a big reserve before I spend a cent. I'll never risk another ordeal like the one we've been through. No more fractures of the Thirteenth for me!"

Lella laughed. Bayard went to the telephone to start the wheels of the factory in motion by summoning the president to council. He paused to ask: "He'll want to know who the foreign agent is you are dealing with? Or are there several? Who shall I say?"

"Wetherell," said Clay. The great Skoda gun that suddenly one day dropped a monster shell in Dunkirk twenty miles off could hardly have caused more stupefaction than the name of Wetherell detonating in that room.

Daphne snatched her hand from Clay's. Bayard sprang up so sharply that he almost threw Lella forward on her face. Instinctively he caught her by the arm and saved her from falling. But instantly he flung her arm from him in a gush of disgust. Clay gaped at the tableau in bewilderment. He had not dreamed that any of the three had ever heard of Wetherell. He could not imagine the bitterness the name involved.

"Will some kind friend please tell me what all the excitement is about?" This was not easy. Who wanted to tell Clay that Lella had just been accused of neglecting her husband and her own duties for the society of this very Wetherell? Lella herself was the one that told him.

"Look here, Bayard," Lella cooed and bled, "don't you think you've done enough? You've shown me that you don't trust me and you've ordered Mr. Wetherell never to come near me again. Isn't that enough without bag-

garing us all for spite? What else is it but cheap, nasty spite?"

"It's a great deal more than spite," Bayard groaned. "Do you think I'll accept favors from a man who has been courting you and got caught at it? I'd rather starve!"

"Well, I wouldn't!" Lella averred. "And I'm not going to starve. And I'm not going to let you commit harikari on Wetherell's doorstep just to spite him. I tell you again, once for all, there was nothing wrong in Wetherell's behavior, absolutely nothing. It's outrageous that you should accuse me of such horrible things."

So Bayard was coerced into having his life saved by his enemy. It was one thing, however, to consent to deal with Wetherell, and another to devise a tolerable reconciliation.

"Well," Bayard sighed, "beggars can't be choosers. If I'd saved my money I shouldn't have to take Wetherell's money."

Bayard called up the president of his company at the office. His oration made a huge success. Bayard began to smile to himself, to wink at the spectators, and finally to share in the apparent rapture of his distant ear.

The end of the matter was that when Bayard left the telephone he was a new man. He had cunningly raised his chief's hopes to the highest degree, yet withheld the name of the English agent. He explained that he intended to take Lella's advice and use his knowledge as a lever for his own advancement and Clay's.

Clay and Bayard set down to make figures, and the talk grew too technical for the women to endure. After hearing the first music of Bayard and Clay chanting in hundreds of thousands of dollars Daphne stole out unheeded and went up to her own room. Mr. Chivvis was sitting by a window in mournful idleness. Mrs. Chivvis was stitching away at her embroidery. She was cheerful—for her. She told Daphne that she had found a market for her needlework; the prices were poor but they were real. She advised Daphne to get to work with her.

Daphne had not the courage to say that her brother and her betrothed were about to become plutocrats. She said only that she was very tired. And there is no more exhausting drain on the nerves than their response to unexpected good news. It is more fatiguing than bad. She was surprised and shocked, too, to find how snobbish she was all of a sudden about the petty earnings of a Chivvis.

CHAPTER XXII.

In those days the United States of America suddenly woke to the fact that they could pull themselves out of bankruptcy by helping the benighted states of Europe into it.

There were sudden gyrations of fortune and sudden collapses of failure. As in bonanza times, many were ruined, while the few prospered. But Clay and Bayard seemed to touch nothing that did not turn to gold. Bayard had gained immense prestige



So Bayard Was Coerced Into Having His Life Saved by His Enemy.

with his firm because of the huge orders he brought in. He took all the power that was accorded and grasped for more. His most reckless audacities were rewarded with success. He rode a tidal wave and swam with it so well that all his progress seemed to be due to his own power.

Bayard astounded Duthill with the solution of that old account, and with a cash payment for new gowns in celebration of his new glory. He did not forget his own people. He telegraphed his mother a thousand dollars and almost slew her with amazement. He telegraphed his father simply the price of a railroad ticket to New York and a peremptory summons to take the first train east.

When Daphne heard this she had to sit down to keep from falling down. Bayard resuscitated her with a check for a thousand dollars. It meant nothing more to her than abracadabra. The whole incredible alteration was a fairy story to her. She made a faint attempt to refuse the gift, but Bayard forced it back into her palm and closed her fingers on it.

She repaid Bayard with kisses till she lost count and embraces till they both lost breath. Then she borrowed from him enough cash to pay her moss-grown bill with the Chivvisses. Daphne could not wait for the elevator. She ran up several flights of stairs, scratched the door with her pained latchkey and flung herself into Mrs. Chivvis' arms and issued her—Mrs. Chivvis. Her apology was the money for the bill. She flaunted before her the check bearing the heavenly legend commanding the Fifth Avenue bank to "pay to Daphne Kip or order one thousand and no hundredths dollars" on penalty of incurring the displeasure of "Bayard Kip."

Mrs. Chivvis handled the parchment with reverence, and permitted her husband to touch it. It might have been one of the golden leaves of the sacred Book of Mormon, and she a sealed wife of Brigham himself.

"What are you planning to do with all this?" she said at length. "I don't know," said Daphne. "What would you suggest?"

"You were planning to go into business. Why not use this as capital?"

"Fine! What business ought I to start—banking? or battleship building, or what?"

"There's embroidery," said Mrs. Chivvis.

Daphne had to guffaw at that. Mrs. Chivvis did not laugh. "I mean it," she urged; "think it over."

"All right, I'll think it over."

The novelty of being rich lost its savor with Lella, and the monotony of being neglected began to prey upon her damask soul. She and Daphne forgot their mutual grievances for their common grievance.

"That's the trouble with these husbands," Lella grumbled. "When they're in bad luck you can't lose 'em, and when they're in good you can't find 'em."

"It's the same with fiancés," said Daphne.

Daphne had the worst of it, for Lella began to wander again, leaving Daphne to the society of Mrs. Chivvis, who kept urging her to invest her dwindling thousand before it was gone. But in the environs of noisy riches the schemes of Mrs. Chivvis demanded such prolonged labor for such minute profit that Daphne remained cold.

She began to resent Clay's neglect morosely. The few attentions he paid her only insulted her; his mind was so far away and his heart was all for his business. He was dazzled by the fierce white light of success, and he spoke to Daphne in a kind of drowsy hypnosis. And he spoke incessantly of the details of his business, or his gambles. He could not see how deaf she was to the very vulgar fractions of his speculations, or the mad arithmetic of his commissions. She yawned in his face when he grew eloquent on the dynamics of wealth, the higher philosophies of finance. And he never knew. He kissed her good-by as if he were kissing a government bond, safe and quiet and all his own.

After one of Clay's visits Mrs. Chivvis found Daphne in a brown study. Mrs. Chivvis explained her own affairs; and Daphne was so exhausted with the sultry problems of love that Mrs. Chivvis' business gossip was completely refreshing.

"I've been down to the Woman's exchange," she said, "trying to sell some of my needlework. They were very nice about it, but it means a terrible amount of labor for a pittance of money. You have to pay them so much a year for the privilege of putting your things on sale there. Then they don't guarantee to return it in good condition, and they don't guarantee to sell it; or if they do they charge you 20 per cent for their end of it."

"I could not see any profit in that, so I went to one of the jobbers. He said my style of work brought good prices in the big stores. But they won't pay him much and he'll pay me less."

"I was thinking—There's money in these things and in all sorts of needle things if you have a little capital."

"That's different," said Daphne. "And I've got some capital now. Do you remember suggesting to me once that we might go into business together—you to furnish the brains and I the money?"

"Oh, I didn't put it that way!"

"Anyway, it's true. Well, would you?"

"Land's sake! If you're a mind to furnish the money and the ideas and let me count the pennies, I'd like nothing better."

"Great! What could we go into?"

"What would you prefer?"

"Oh, any old business that will keep me busy and make a lot of money."

"My husband says that you can't make a lot of money without putting

in a lot. That's one reason he has been kept down so. He never could get ahead. That was what we were saying up for—to get a little capital. And then the war came along—and we had to spend our savings. That same war has made your brother so rich that he could give you a small fortune. I don't believe you could do better than to put that into a business."

"Neither do I!" Daphne cried. "Let's!"

CHAPTER XXIII.

Daphne was going to be independent, but she was still all woman when it came to the selection of her special trade. She would be a business woman, but she would do a woman's business.

There were ever so many dainties and exquisites that she wanted to hang in her shop. She was going to



"My Husband Says That You Can't Make a Lot of Money Without Putting in a Lot."

have a window! With her name on it! That would be more fun than a limousine with crest on door.

Gradually her scheme enlarged. She would devote her shop to the whole mechanism of the boudoir. "Boudoir-wear" was the word that pleased her.

It was in human nature that the partners should quarrel over a name for the baby before the baby was born. They spoke of themselves as "The Firm."

Finally Daphne, claiming the majority of the power, voted on bloc for "Boudoir-wear," and claimed the victory. Mrs. Chivvis surrendered with the amendment that "Miss Kip" should be at one side, "Mrs. Chivvis" at the other. She bribed the assembly by promising that a cousin of hers, a young artist living in the Washington Mews, should paint a pretty sign-board on a swinging shingle. After many designs had been composed and destroyed they agreed on this legend:



The cousin painted it well and illuminated it with elaborate initials and an allegorical figure of a young lady in Cubist negligee. It had the traditional charm of a tavern board. In fact, their shop was to be a tavern for women in search of sartorial refreshment.

Troubles mustered about them as weeds shove up in a garden faster than they can be plucked out. Expenses undreamed of materialized in swarms. Everything was delayed except the demands for their money. The petty-cash box, like a sort of perverted fairy purse, emptied itself as fast as it was filled.

The petty cash was the least of their dismay. The grand cash was the main problem. They had stitched their fingers full of holes and piled up reams of fabrics, but the total was pathetically tiny.

One thing was instantly demonstrated. They must give up their plan or go into debt. Indeed, they already were in debt.

"We've got to take the plunge," said Daphne. "I'd rather die than go on paying a year's rent for an empty shop."

"I know," Mrs. Chivvis fretted, gnawing her thin lips. "But it's a risk. You'd better ask your brother."

"No!" Daphne stormed. "I'm going to win out on my own. Poor Bayard is too busy to be bothered with my troubles. He doesn't know I have any. And Lella is so busy with her social business that she never asks me what I'm up to."

"But what are we to do?" Mrs. Chivvis wailed. "We can't go on with our stock, and you have no money left, and I hadn't any to start with."

"There's only one thing to do," Daphne answered, with a sphinxic solemnity. "Buy on credit. It's a case of nothing venture, nothing gain; nothing purchase, nothing sell! nothing borrow, nothing pay. The only way to get out of debt is to go in deeper—like getting a fish hook out of your thumb."

Mrs. Chivvis suffered herself to be persuaded. They visited the wholesalers and the jobbers and were well received, having paid cash before—and, thanks to Mr. Chivvis' suggestion, having been astute enough to demand discount for cash.

And now the motor-trucks and the delivery wagons and the cyclecars and the messenger boys began to pour stock into the little shop. It was pleasant not to have to pay for things, though the tips were reaching alarming proportions, and the bundle of bills for future settlement grew and grew.

Mrs. Chivvis made a list of their debts and tried to show it to Daphne, but she stopped her eyes and ears and forbade any discussion that would quench her spirit.

In the swirl of her tasks Daphne almost forgot Clay Wimburn. She was too busy to care much. She had no time to mourn. Clay was only one among a myriad regrets, and his affairs could wait. Her business needs could not.

Clay did not come near her. He spent a lot of money trying to get her off his mind. He got a good deal on his conscience, but not Daphne off his mind. He longed for her especially, too, because there came a sudden disaster to his schemes. He was not so rich as he had been. Indeed, he could not be sure that he was rich at all. Any day might smother him with bankruptcy. This fear kept him from Daphne, too.

The bouncing munition stocks that were known as "war babies" had abruptly fallen into a decline. The submarine that torpedoed the Lusitania shattered Wall street's joy, threw the dread of war into the United States, and set every one to questioning the problem of revenge and its cost.

The slump in the market came at the most unfortunate moment for Bayard and Clay. Any moment of slump, indeed, would have come most untimely for their ventures.

"Kip and Chivvis" were making a picnic ground of the shop. Behind the soap-velled windows they laughed and debated on arrangements and price tags and show cards.

Mr. Chivvis, still out of a job, acted as maid of all work and stevedore, and grew so useful that they had to put him out. And at last the moment arrived when they declared the shop open, "raised the curtain," as Daphne said.

She faltered with a stage-fright she had not felt in Reuben's theater. There was no lack of temperament in her manner now. But there was no audience, either.

At night Kip and Chivvis locked their doors and went home, discouraged beyond words and dimly weary in the legs, also in the smile-muscles which had been kept at an expectant tension all day long.

Occasional purchases were made, but unimportant. Kip and Chivvis tried to learn what interested people and what did not. They realized that they had far too much of certain things and far too little of others. They attempted to sell the deadwood by marking it down; but it would not move.

"What do the women care for prices?" Daphne railed. "They are spending some man's money, anyway. They pretend that it's to please him, but they know and we know that it's because they hate each other."

One day a great lady who could hardly squeeze through the door creaked into the shop and spilled herself into a startled little chair like a load of coal. Daphne felt that she was about to die on their hands or ask for an ambulance, but she asked instead for an embroidered breakfast gown from the window.

Mrs. Chivvis fetched it and the old ogress clutched it from her, holding it up to her nose as if to sniff it, but really to see it.

"That's it! That's what I've been looking for!" she wheezed. "Have you got much of this sort of thing?"

"Oh yes."

"Agh, that's good! My daughter is marrying in some haste—a young imbecile who's going over to France to run an ambulance. I'm Mrs. Romilly."

Mrs. Chivvis waited unperturbed for further identification. Daphne had never heard of Mrs. Romilly, either, but she gasped as if she had been saying her prayers at the shrine of Romilly from childhood and now had been visited by the patron saint, whom she had recognized at once, of course.

"Oh yes, of course."

Mrs. Romilly was conching on: "I've been to several shops, and I was almost in despair until I saw your sign. If you could do a few things in rather a hurry I fancy I could give you a large-ish order. And if the things were at all successful, I could throw quite a little trade your way. You're rather new, aren't you?"

Daphne assented that the firm was quite new. She brought forward an order pad and stood at attention.

Mrs. Romilly had troussé a large family of children and several poor relations. She knew what she wanted and what she ought to pay for it and when it should be done. Daphne took down her orders as if the little room were the mere vestibule to an enormous sweatshop where hundreds of sempsters would seize the job and complete it in a jiffy.

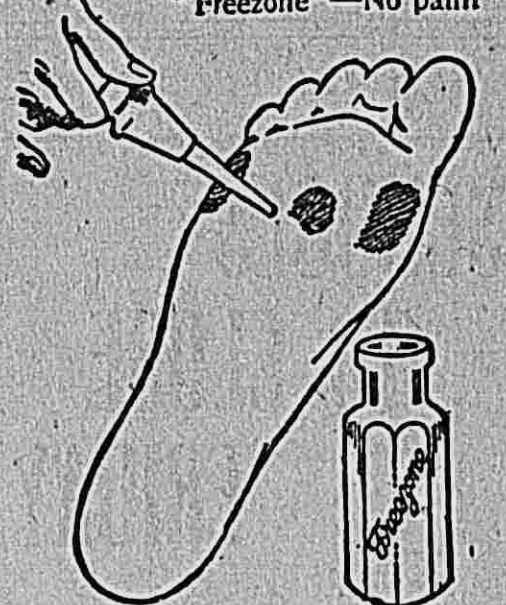
(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Optimistic Thought.

All brave men love; for he only is brave who has affection to fight for.

"CALLUS CORNS" LIFT RIGHT OFF

Apply a few drops of "Freezone"—No pain!



Don't suffer! A tiny bottle of Freezone costs but a few cents at any drug store. Apply a few drops on the corns, calluses and "hard skin" on bottom of feet, then lift them off.

When Freezone removes corns from the toes or calluses from the bottom of feet, the skin beneath is left pink and healthy and never sore, tender or irritated.

King's Stuart Portrait.

It is interesting to hear of the king buying an old portrait of James II. for it suggests that the romantic interest in the house of Stuart which Queen Victoria felt very strongly is hereditary. She made collections of Stuart souvenirs, hated Queen Elizabeth, shared Scot affection for Mary Stuart, and reproached Macaulay with having been hard on the memory of her ancestor James II. "Not your majesty's ancestor," said Macaulay, "your majesty's predecessor."—and was very proud of his reply.—London Mail.

Cuticura Soap for the Complexion. Nothing better than Cuticura Soap daily and Ointment now and then as needed to make the complexion clear, scalp clean and hands soft and white. Add to this the fascinating, fragrant Cuticura Talcum and you have the Cuticura Toilet Trio.—Adv.

Real Cause for Complaint. "Eh-yah!" admitted Gap Johnson of Rumpus Ridge. "In the good old days, it was nothing uncommon to have as high as seven fights to every dance. But since this yur infernal bone dry law has cracked down on us we often have seven dances to one fight, which strikes me as spreading the fighting out mighty thin."—Kansas City Star.

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. H. H. Fletcher*. In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

A Bit Slow. "Do you know that my daughter is an extravagant young woman, sir?" "I have—er—surmised that she is," replied the suitor, hesitatingly. "By George, sir! If you've been running around with my daughter for a twelvemonth and haven't got any further than a mere surmise, you lack the perspicacity I would like for my son-in-law to possess."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

PHYSICALLY FIT AT ANY AGE

It isn't age, it's careless living that puts men "down and out." Keep your internal organs in good condition and you will always be physically fit.

The kidneys are the most over-worked organs in the human body. When they break down under the strain and the deadly uric acid accumulates and crystallizes look out! These sharp crystals tear and scratch the delicate urinary channels causing excruciating pain and set up irritations which may cause premature degeneration and often do turn into deadly Bright's Disease.

One of the first warnings of sluggish kidney action is pain or stiffness in the small of the back, loss of appetite, indigestion or rheumatism. Do not wait until the danger is upon you. At the first indication of trouble go after the cause at once. Get a trial box of GOLD MEDAL Hasklem Oil Capsules, imported direct from the laboratories in Holland. They will give almost immediate relief. If for any cause they should not, your money will be refunded. But be sure to get GOLD MEDAL. None other is genuine. In sealed boxes, three sizes.—Adv.

Fought the Midnight. Johnny came home from Sunday school quite thrilled by the lesson. "It was all about the Midnights," he said. "The what?" asked his father. "The Midnights," replied the boy. "Teacher told us how Gideon fought the Midnights and knocked the day-lights out of 'em in no time."

His Crime. "I saw a baseball player, arrested in the very act." "What was he doing?" "Stealing a base."

Don't stand around barefooted waiting for dead men's shoes.

Your Granulated Eyelids. Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Marine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, Just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggists or by mail, 50c per Bottle. For Book of the Eye free write: Marine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Local and Personal Happenings

Keep smiling with Kelly's. Buy a 25 cent straw hat at Webb's.

Sunday night at the Crystal Secret Strings with Olive Tell.

Coming to the New Majestic, Geo. Beban in One More America.

Miss Belle Hughes of Nor Chicago, spent the latter part of the last week at her home here.

Mr. and Mrs. John Johns of Waukegan were the guests of Antioch relatives Decoration day.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Rines left Monday for Minneapolis for a week's visit with their son and family.

Those who know a good bargain when they see it are buying Kelly's Springfield tire at King's Drug Store.

A set of Kelly's for Fox car costs you \$3.00 per thousand mile per tire. You can't beat this price. King's Drug Store.

During the electrical storm of Monday morning, a number of sheep on the Joe Labdon farm were killed by lightning.

Mrs. Robert Hook of Waukegan, who recently purchased the Fred Kinrade place moved into her new home here last week.

The next regular meeting of Antioch Chapter, O. E. S., will be on Thursday evening, June 12. All members are invited to attend.

Mrs. Geo. Bacon and daughter spent over Sunday with her parents at Ringwood. Her sister Eleanor Doege accompanied them home.

Chas. Holmes and family of Chicago spent the latter part of last week with Mrs. Holmes' parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Drury at this place.

Mrs. Chas. Pollen is visiting relatives in Waukegan. Mrs. Cook accompanied her to that place and then went on to Chicago to see her nephew, who has recently returned from France.

Mrs. D. C. Pennington formerly Elvia Gullidge of this place, but now of Detroit, Mich., was calling on old friends here Tuesday. She is at present visiting at the home of her sister Mrs. Wm. Griffin near Salem.

Ben Drury, who was one of those from Antioch, who in the beginning of the war volunteered for immediate service overseas after having been in training but a few weeks, has returned home, arriving here Monday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Hadlock and son Howard and Miss Goldie Davis went to Chicago this (Thursday) morning to witness the parade of the 108th Eng. and to meet their brother Wm. Davis who has been in foreign lands for the past year.

There will be a big barn dance at Chas. Miller's barn on the old Teckert farm, a mile northeast of Pikeville on Saturday evening June 14. Music by Morrell's orchestra. Tickets \$1.00 including war tax.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Cubbon drove from Waukegan to Spring Grove on Tuesday evening to see Mrs. Cubbon's brother who has just returned from France. They stopped here for Mrs. Clara Johnson who accompanied them the rest of the way.

Some kind of a disease has broken out among the cattle on the Robbins farm, north of town, and four of the herd have already been buried. The disease closely resembles hydrophobia, and some of the animals became quite vicious before they died.

Mr. and Mrs. Evan Kaye and Mrs. Wm. Gray went to Chicago Monday to see Frank Gray, who has just returned from France and whose division took part in the parade on that day. He is at Camp Grant now awaiting his discharge which he expects to receive almost any day.

Warren Stanton has enrolled at the Rahe Auto and Tractor school at Kansas City, Mo., where he will take a complete course in automobile mechanics and tractor engineering. The course includes practical experience in repair work, welding, vulcanizing, lighting and starting, storage battery and every other department of the automotive industry.

Notice

I wish to announce to the public that in order to conform to the revenue law, I will hereafter be obliged to collect a war tax of ten cents from every person entering the hall to attend my dances. This applies to all ladies or spectators who have not purchased tickets. Every admission must be accounted for as well as the sale of tickets.

Mrs. Geo. Eck.

To Whom it May Concern

My wife having left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by her on and after this date.

Dated at Antioch, Ill., June 5, 1919.

A. H. Hildebrandt.

Screen paint at King's Drug Store. Dress and sport shirts, at Webb's.

Any old kind of fishing tackle, at Webb's.

Saturday at the New Majestic Paul Frederick in "Double Crossed."

Miss Viola Kuhaup of Milwaukee spent Sunday with her parents here.

Mrs. Eva Harris and daughter were Waukegan visitors Wednesday.

See what the tractor done during the war at the New Majestic Saturday.

Raymond Clark of Grayslake visited over Sunday at the home of Andrew Harrison.

Miss Marie Johnson of Chicago spent the latter part of the past week with her mother here.

Adolph Gill has purchased the H. L. Blaisdell property in Carmen's subdivision on Lake Catherine.

The pupils of the fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth grades will have a picnic in the Sylvan woods tomorrow (Friday).

Mr. and Mrs. B. Vos entertained the former's brother, who has just returned home from France, over Memorial day.

The Girl Scouts have made arrangements to give a picture show at the New Majestic, Monday evening, June 9, entitled "Bab's Matinee Idol".

Miss Florence Brogan, who went to Ottawa, to a sanitarium a few weeks ago, has left that place and is now at Willow Brook sanitarium near Kenosha.

What was left of the old Thayer house was moved to the Guber place Wednesday morning, it will be used to enlarge the house that is now there.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Havliatha and daughter Mabel and Miss Weinsbeck of Chicago were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Mecklenburg of Grass Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Mesha of Chicago, spent the latter part of the week with relatives at this place. Mrs. M. E. Davis accompanied them home Sunday evening.

The next meeting of the ladies Guild will be held at the home of Mrs. Howard Smith Wednesday afternoon, June 11. Everybody cordially invited. Maude Kettelhut, Vice President.

Ray Webb and "Red" Fields went to Chicago Monday to join in the parade with their division which has just arrived. Webb and Fields were among those sent home in advance of the others on account of being injured.

Wm. Hunter of this place and Mrs. Sarah Duffy of Wilmet were united in marriage by Rev. S. E. Pollock, at the parsonage Sunday afternoon. They will make their home in this village, where the groom owns a home on south Main street.

There will be Children's Day exercises at the M. E. church next Sunday. In the morning the program will be given by the Primary department and the younger classes. In the evening the program which will begin at eight o'clock will be given by the older classes of the Sunday School. Children may be presented for baptism either morning or evening.

Practical Estimate.

"Did you say Billings is a good loser?" "Yes." "Why, even when his luck is worst he never loses more than two or three dollars." "That's what I call a good loser."

Fourth Annual Commencement

... OF THE ...

Antioch Township High School

Friday Evening, June 6, at 8:15.

1 Music - - - - - High School Orchestra

2 Invocation - - - - - Rev. A. D. Kolkebeck

3 Salutatory - - - - - Margaret Drom

4 Class History - - - - - William Morley

5 Scripture Reading - - - - - Rev. S. A. Pollock

6 Francis Willard - - - - - Ethel Runyard

7 Junior Charge - - - - - Ida Runyard

8 Cornet Solo - - - - - Ralph Lames

9 Class Poem - - - - - Raymond Taylor

10 An Autobiography - - - - - Willie Sheehan

11 Air Travel of the Future - - - - - Frank Powles

12 Presentation of Memorial - - - - - Edna Richards

13 Class Will - - - - - Arthur Trieger

14 Violin Solo - - - - - Ruth Pollock

15 Class Prophecy - - - - - Ryman Thain

16 Valedictory - - - - - Merrell Sabin

17 Presentation of Diplomas - - - - - Clara D. Sherwood

18 Benediction - - - - - Members of the Board

Summer underwear, all sizes, at Webb's.

Don't fail to see "Into Service" at the New Majestic Saturday.

Good shoes for men and boys, at Webb's.

Vivian Martin in Molly Entangled at the New Majestic next Wednesday.

Fresh summer caps this week, at Webb's.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Hughes of Chicago spent Sunday with relatives here.

Wm. S. Hart in The Narrow Trail at the New Majestic Saturday June 14.

Sunday at the New Majestic Wm. Fox presents Infidelity. Don't miss it.

At the Crystal Saturday evening, The Love Auction, with Virginia Pearson.

Cedar moth proof bag for storing your winter clothing, at King's Drug Store.

The Schreck sale at Trevor is progressing in fine shape under the efficient management of Mr. Lundquist, who reports an exceptionally good business during the past week. Read the half page ad on page 8 of this issue for further bargains.

True Genius.

How grateful we are to the man of the world who obeys the morale, as in humility, and in the obligation to serve mankind. True genius always has these inspirations.—Emerson.

Optimistic Thought.

Man is a social animal formed to please in society.

CLASSIFIED

DEPARTMENT

FOR SALE—A good top buggy. Inquire of Sam Ries, Antioch. 40 w2

FOR SALE—A one-ton auto truck Inquire of Elmer Johnson, Phone 108m. Antioch.

FOR SERVICE—Standard Bred Chester White boar for service. W. S. Rinear, Antioch.

LOST—Between Antioch and J. H. Banks farm a summer lap robe. Finder please call J. H. Banks.

LOST—A bunch of eight keys. Finder leave same at this office or at C. W. Martin's, Cross Lake.

LOST—Black and brown long haired dog. Three legs. Reward. D. D. Campbell, Antioch.

FOR SALE—Second hand Ford touring car. Inquire of Geo. Landgraf, Antioch, R. D. 3. Phone 169 R 2.

FOR SALE CHEAP—One 5 ft. hotel kitchen range, in good order. Inquire of W. R. Williams at Williams Bros. store, Antioch.

FOR SALE—Tomato plants 1 cent each, cabbage plants, 10 cents per doz. and various other plants, also flowering plants. Frank Kandlik, Antioch, phone 160 m 1.

FOR SALE—Small fountain, table, chairs, back stands and show cases, suitable for opening small ice cream parlor. Will sell cheap as we need the room. Mrs. Geo Eck.

WANTED—To rent summer cottage near in the vicinity of Antioch or Long Lake district for the month of August. Give particulars. Address W. H. Carney, 2304 Lowell ave., Chicago, Ill.

J. C. JAMES

Licensed Embalmer and Undertaker

Calls Answered Day or Night

Phone 149 M.

A. HADLOCK, Oph. M.

Optometrist

Eye Glasses Scientifically Fitted

At Keulman's Jewelry Store

Antioch, Ill.

LOTUS CAMP NO. 557, M. W. A.

Meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month in the Woodmen hall, Antioch, Ill. Visiting neighbors always welcome.

J. C. JAMES, Clerk. NORRIS PROCTOR, V. C.

J. L. REDDING, D. V. M.

Veterinary Surgeon

Calls Answered Promptly

Phones Antioch, 164 R 1

Local, 1 L, 1 S, 1 L.

RUSSELL, ILL.

T. N. DONNELLY & CO.

Loan and Diamond Broker

Diamonds, watches and all kinds of jewelry at less than cost. At half the price you pay regular stores.

24 North Dearborn St. Chicago

Sequoia Lodge No. 827 A.F. & A. M.

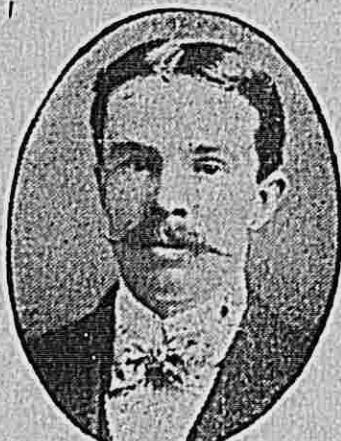
Holds regular communications the first and third Wednesday evenings of every month. Visiting Brethren always welcome.

F. H. HUBER, Sec'y. FRANK KANDLIK, W. M.

The Eastern Star meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month.

Lottie Johnson, W. M.

CHARITY HILLEBRAND, Sec'y.



P. B. JOHNSON

General Auctioneer

Has the best judgment of values and gets the highest prices. Farm sales a specialty. For dates, call this office, or Phone 111-M

Zion City, Ill.

The Electric Washing Machines

It will take over for you the heaviest labor in the house for wages of 5c a week for current consumed

The Electric Iron

Will enable you to transfer the work it does to the back porch by getting a long cord

The Electric Fan

It will change the climate in the house

Summer Comforts. We sell them. Monthly payments

Public Service Co. OF NORTHERN ILL.

BANK OF ANTIOCH

Buy and Sell Exchange and do a General Banking Business J. E. BROOK, Banker

Delicious

Home-Made Ice Cream

Best in Northern Illinois

We furnish our Ice Cream in can (will keep 12 hours) at following prices:

1 gallon	-	\$1.75
2 gallons	-	1.60 per gal.
3 gallons	-	1.50 " "
4 gallons	-	1.40 " "
5 gallons	-	1.30 " "

We Deliver anywhere in Town

King's Drug Store

Phone 111 M Farmers' Line

THE HAYWOOD SYSTEM OF REPAIRING

TIRES

Bring in your Old Casings and Tubes and we will make them as good as new

J. R. CRIBB,

Osmond Building, Main St.

Antioch.



OIL and GASOLINE

POOR grade of fuel is false economy. The money you seem to save on cheap grade oils and gasoline is later spent on motor repairs and shortened life of your motor.

Poor food means poor health—and poor fuel means poor service.

Best Quality at Low Prices

Considering the high quality of our gasoline and oils, our prices are the lowest that you can find.

Scores of auto owners have found that they can get more mileage and better motor performance by always using the same grade oils and gasoline—and that grade ours.

A. M. HAWKINS' GARAGE

A Cigar of Merit

"EL RECTOR"

CLEAR HAVANA CIGAR

Factory 2201-2203 W. 12th St., Chicago, Ill. PHIL C. NIEMAN, Maker

Phone Canal 4478

OFFICE, 1204 S. LEAVITT ST.

Read the News ads for Bargains

GERMANY CAN'T FULFILL TERMS

Count Von Brockdorff-Rantzau Declares It Is Beyond Country's Power.

SENDS NOTE TO THE ALLIES

Declares "More Deeply We Penetrate Spirit of Treaty the More Convinced We Become of Impossibility of Carrying It Out."

Washington, June 2.—Execution of the peace treaty as framed by the Versailles conference is declared to be "more than the German people can bear" by Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, head of the German peace delegation, in a note to the associated governments outlining the German counter-proposals.

Count Brockdorff-Rantzau, in his note, the text of which was made public by the state department, further asserts:

"The more deeply we penetrate into the spirit of this treaty, the more convinced we become of the impossibility of carrying it out."

The text of the German note, dated May 29, reads:

"I have the honor to transmit to you herewith the observations of the German delegation on the draft treaty of peace. We came to Versailles in the expectation of receiving a peace proposal based on the agreed principles. We were firmly resolved to do everything in our power with a view of fulfilling the grave obligations which we had undertaken."

"We hoped for the peace of justice which had been promised to us. We were aghast when we read in documents the demands made upon us (7) the victorious violence of our enemies. The more deeply we penetrate into the spirit of this treaty the more convinced we become of the impossibility of carrying it out. The execution of this treaty are more than the German people can bear."

"With a view to the re-establishment of the Polish state we must renounce indisputably German territory, nearly the whole of the province of West Prussia, which is preponderantly German; of Pomerania, Danzig, which is German to the core. We must let the ancient Hanse town be transformed into a free state under Polish suzerainty."

"We must agree that East Prussia shall be amputated from the body of the state, condemned to a lingering death, and robbed of its northern portion, including Memel, which is purely German. We must renounce Upper Silesia for the benefit of Poland and Czechoslovakia, although it has been in close political connection with Germany for more than 750 years, is indistinct with German life, and forms the very foundation of industrial life throughout east Germany."

"Preponderantly German circles (Kreise) must be ceded to Belgium."

"Although the exaction of the cost of the war has been expressly renounced, as yet Germany, thus cut in pieces and weakened, must declare herself ready in principle to bear all the war expenses of her enemies, which would exceed many times over the total amount of German state and private assets. The German people would be condemned to perpetual slave labor."

"In spite of the exorbitant demands, the reconstruction of our economic life is at the same time rendered impossible. We must surrender our merchant fleet. We are to renounce all foreign securities. We are to hand over to our enemies our property in all German enterprises abroad, even in the countries of our allies."

"Even after the conclusion of peace the enemy states are to have the right of confiscating all German property. No German trader in their countries will be protected from these war measures. We must completely renounce our colonies, and not even German missionaries shall have the right to follow their calling therein. We must renounce the realization of all our aims in the spheres of politics, economics and ideas."

THREE DIE IN AUTO RACE

Arthur Thurman, Lecocq and Bandini Killed in 500-Mile Contest at Indianapolis—Wilcox Winner.

Speedway, Indianapolis, June 3.—"Howdy" Wilcox of Indianapolis piloted his Peugeot to victory in the 500-mile race held here on Saturday. Three of the contestants—two drivers and a mechanic—were killed in the early stages of the race. Arthur Thurman, a young driver from Washington, was the first to die. Shortly afterward Louis Lecocq and his helper, R. Bandini, were burned to death.

Picks War College Head. Washington, June 3.—General March announced that Maj. Gen. James W. McAndrews, General Pershing's chief of staff, had been assigned to head the new general staff college, to absorb the army war college.

Mexico Bars U. S. Planes. Washington, June 3.—The Carranza government has refused to permit American oil companies to transport their pay rolls from Tampico to the fields by airplane. The request was made because of bandit attacks.

BOARD REPORTS BUSINESS GOOD

Free Spending Points to Era of Prosperity for the United States.

WAR HELD UP MANY ORDERS

Statements From Federal Reserve Agents Said to Point to Summer and Autumn of Unusual Prosperity.

Washington, June 2.—A noticeable upward trend in business during May, especially in those lines related to the leading retail trades which have felt the release of buying power held back by the war, was reported by the federal reserve board.

Practically uniform reports from federal reserve agents were said to point to a summer and autumn of unusual activity.

A warning was added, however, against accepting the prospective prosperity at its full face value until conditions become more clarified.

"The country seems to be passing through a period of free expenditure or reaction from the enforced economy and business restrictions of the war period," a statement by the board said. "If the present activity should prove to be based principally on these causes, a reaction may be looked for when these forces have spent themselves."

The price and reconstruction situation was said to be practically a continuation of that noted in April, with prices showing no tendency to retrograde.

One federal reserve bank found that "the public is slowly adjusting itself to the conviction that there is to be no rapid post-war drop in prices and is reconciling itself to the probability that the old pre-war basis may never again be reached."

Agriculturally, the remarkable promise of the early spring appears to be sustained in an unusual degree, the statement said. Diversification due to organized effort is making progress and the cash returns to farmers are expected to be more than ever before. Prices of cattle are considerably higher than a year ago, while sheep are lower. Receipts of hogs have been smaller, with the price continuing to advance.

In steel and iron the month's output fell to the lowest figures in many months, but a much better tone in the market was noted.

While the bituminous coal industry was reported depressed, with an output less than 70 per cent of that a year ago, operators were said to be optimistic for the future. The current use of the fuel is in excess of production. After several weeks of almost no demand the copper market showed a slight improvement.

General manufacturing was said to be showing decided improvement. The wool markets were strong, with prices in favor of the seller. Large orders have been placed for yarns and finished goods and woolen and worsted mills are going back to full time.

These conditions are reflected in the demand for dry goods and shoes. Shoe prices are being marked up for full delivery, the outlook being for an increase of 25 to 50 cents a pair for retailers.

Retail trade is assuming unprecedented volume, while prices continue abnormally high. Retailers in most sections had made little or no adjustment, but continued to demand prices based upon war conditions, the board said. In New York large establishments report a large volume of business, two-thirds greater than a year ago, and in Chicago returns range from 25 to 50 per cent in excess of 1918.

In the South there is said to be "no contraction in the public buying power," while a greater proportion of cash sales is reported.

In buildings there has been a distinct revival throughout the country. Real estate values were said to be hardening, with sales of farm lands on the increase.

"The banking position of the country is reported as on the whole sound, present circumstances considered," the board said, and "reserve percentages of the federal reserve system have shown an ability to hold their own."

HUNS AGREE TO SMALL ARMY

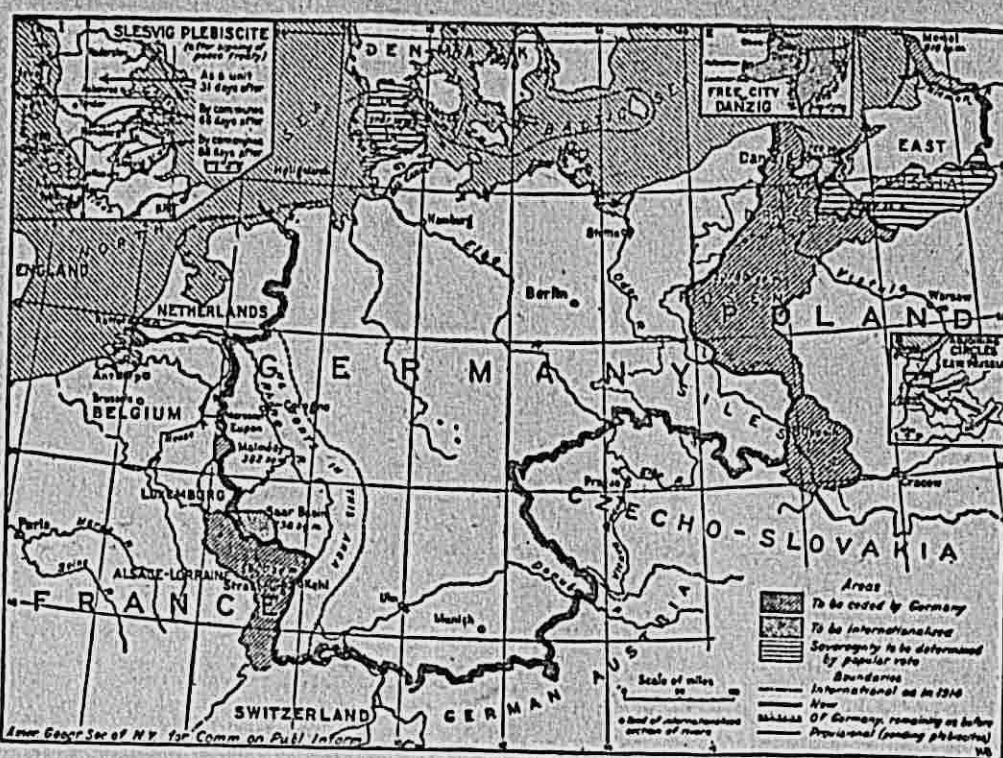
German Reply to Allied Peace Terms Says Forces Will Be Cut to 100,000.

Berlin, May 29.—The German reply to the allied peace terms will agree that the German army shall be 100,000 men on a peace footing, but will urge that this limit be not enforced until conditions are thoroughly stabilized.

Electrocuted on Third Rail. Chicago, June 2.—Harold Wilkins, fifteen years old, 653 West Elm street, was found electrocuted, his body lying across the third rail of the Northwestern Elevated line at Ravenswood station.

Keppel to Head Red Cross. Washington, June 3.—Dr. Frederick E. Keppel, third assistant secretary of war and former dean of Columbia university, will become director of foreign operations of the American Red Cross on July 1.

MAP OF NEW GERMANY



BIG FORCE ON BORDER FLIES OVER ATLANTIC

U. S. TROOPS PREPARED TO STOP MEXICAN RAIDERS.

Cavalry, Infantry, Artillery and Three Aviation Units Ready for Any Emergency.

Washington, June 2.—With conditions in Mexico growing more disturbing and with apprehension increasing along the border because of the threatening aspect of affairs, the United States government is prepared for emergencies that might arise.

On the Mexican border today the United States has more than 18,500 troops within striking distance in case of trouble with Mexico or raids by Mexicans across the line. This force is divided into cavalry, 6,000; infantry, 8,500, and artillery, 4,000. Besides these there are three aviation units.

Word has been sent to Washington through confidential channels by Felipe Angeles, recently proclaimed provisional president of Mexico by the Villista forces, stating that the objects of his revolution are simply to restore the constitution of 1857 and to protect the lives and property of Mexicans and foreigners alike "from spoliation at the hands of President Carranza and other forces, working for the downfall of the Mexican people."

General Angeles says that he hopes this communication will be placed in the hands of the officials of the United States, from whom he asks no favors at present. He expresses the hope that the time will come when Mexico will be restored to the confidence of the people of the United States at which time he will formally ask this government for recognition.

The town of Esperanza, located 525 kilometers south of Nogales on the main line of the Southern Pacific de Mexico, was attacked by Yaqui Indians, according to telegraphic information received here. Details are meager, but several Mexicans and one American are said to have been killed.

CUBA SUSPENDS GUARANTEES

Senate Adopts House Bill at Request of the President—May Be Effective Immediately.

Havana, June 2.—The senate passed the house bill suspending the constitutional guarantees in Cuba until June 30. The action was taken by a vote of 18 to 1. The house unanimously adopted the bill following the reading of a special presidential message asking that the chief executive be authorized to suspend the guarantees whenever he might deem such a step necessary. The suspension probably will be made effective immediately.

DECORATE ALL YANK GRAVES

Belgians Shower Flowers on Resting Place of American Soldiers in Flanders.

Brussels, June 2.—The graves of Americans who fell in the last ten days of desperate fighting of the war in eastern Flanders were beautifully decorated with flowers and the Stars and Stripes Friday. These Americans were buried in the cemetery at Oudenarde, and General De Blauw, governor of the province of east Flanders, and Burgomaster Boutreligne of Oudenarde officiated at the ceremonies.

Lynch Mississippi Negro. Memphis, June 2.—Reports received here from Hernando and Olive Branch, Miss., told of the lynching near Mineral Wells, Miss., of a negro accused of attacking one of three white women whom he dragged from a buggy on a country road.

Bank Robbers Get \$55,000. Forest River, N. D., June 2.—The First State bank of this city was burglarized and \$55,000 in cash and \$50,000 in coupon Liberty bonds were stolen.

To Test Missouri Dry Law. St. Louis, June 3.—The Tenth Ward Improvement association, which is circulating petitions for a referendum on the national prohibition amendment, also will conduct a referendum on the bone dry law recently passed.

Three Drown in River. Minneapolis, Minn., June 3.—Three boys, Melvin Dale, Herbert Dorsey and Leonard Peterson, were drowned in the Mississippi when an old rowboat capsized. Carl Nelson saved his life by swimming ashore.

U. S. SEAPLANE FIRST TO ACCOMPLISH GREAT FEAT.

Lieutenant Commander Read in NC-4 Makes Flight From Azores to Portugal in 9:44.

Lisbon, May 29.—The Atlantic ocean has been crossed for the first time in history in an aerial passage, the American navy winning the honor.

The American naval seaplane NC-4 accomplished the feat by winging its way to Lisbon, Portugal, from the Azores, whence it had flown from Newfoundland.

The flight of approximately 780 miles was made by Lieut. Com. Albert C. Read and his crew of five in 9 hours and 44 minutes.

They left Ponta Delgada, Azores, at 5:18 a. m., central time, and reached Lisbon at 3:01, central time.

The actual flying time of the NC-4 in crossing the Atlantic from St. Johns, N. F., to Lisbon was 26 hours and 41 minutes.

HAWKER JEERS U. S. FLYERS

300 British at Banquet Greet Airman's Remarks With Silence and Cheer Americans.

London, May 30.—Speaking at a luncheon given by the Daily Mail in his and Lieut. Commander Greave's honor, Harry G. Hawker deprecated the organization which had won for the United States the honor of the first crossing of the Atlantic by a heavier-than-air machine.

He said: "If you put a ship every fifty miles, it shows you have no light in your motor."

This was greeted with absolute silence on the part of the men gathered at the luncheon, numbering between 250 and 300, nearly all of whom were British. A few minutes before they had heartily cheered the American aviators.

SEE REFUND IN LUXURY TAX

Internal Revenue Collectors Face Problem of Returning \$1,500,000 If Repeal Is Voted.

Washington, May 29.—Internal revenue collectors face the problem of refunding more than \$1,500,000 to taxpayers when the luxury tax is repealed, unless congress comes to their rescue by setting the repeal date ten days or two weeks after the passage of the repealing act. It will take ten days after the repeal act becomes a law to notify retailers to quit collecting the tax, officials say. It is estimated that 40,000,000 persons would become entitled to refunds before the work of halting collections could be completed.

U. S. FLYER IS OVER SWEDEN

American Naval Airman Makes Air Trip From Copenhagen to Stockholm.

Stockholm, May 29.—Captain Bart, an American naval aviator, who is flying from Copenhagen to this city, arrived at Calmar. He left Calmar and later descended at Nyne, about 50 miles south of Stockholm. He again rose and descended on an island at the mouth of the harbor here.

YANK TROOPS LAND AT DANZIG

U. S. and British Marines Occupy Baltic Port—Powerful Fleet Going There.

Paris, May 29.—British and American marines have been landed at the Baltic port of Danzig, according to a dispatch received here from Warsaw. A powerful fleet, it is added, will be anchored off the harbor there.

Siberian Guards Menaced. Vladivostok, June 2.—A large force of bolsheviks is mobilizing at Jazanka, in the important Suchan mining district, and, according to reports received here, is preparing to attack the allies' mine guards.

New Threat to the U. S. El Paso, Tex., June 2.—"If the administration at Washington lets Carranza troops pass through the United States to Juarez, neither nor anybody else will be able to stop them," said General Villa.

BOMBS FIRED IN 8 CITIES

Anarchists Attempt to Kill Attorney General Palmer and Many Others.

OFFICIALS ESCAPE DEATH

Two Killed in Washington—Woman Slain and Several Hurt by Blast in New York—Church Blown Up.

Washington, June 4.—A terrorist bomb plot, covering the entire eastern section of the country, was attempted late Monday night.

It was aimed against law enforcement officials and the bombs were timed to explode simultaneously in many cities.

Officials are trying to connect these outrages with the "May day" bombs which were sent by mail to 30 officials in every section. Last night's bombs were not mailed. Those responsible for the outrages placed them at the homes of those they sought to assassinate.

In Washington the bomb was thrown at the residence of Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer, 2132 R street.

Mr. Palmer has been the leader in the prosecution of radicals. Previously he was enemy property custodian.

The lower part of the Palmer residence was wrecked. None of the family was injured, as all were on the upper floors.

Two persons were killed by the explosion. One of them is thought to have been the man who set the bomb. The other may have been an accomplice or merely a passerby.

A fragment of one of the bodies was blown across B street and was found on the doorstep of the residence of Franklin D. Roosevelt, assistant secretary of the navy. Another part of a body was blown across the street and went through one of the front windows of Helmer H. Bryn, the envoy extraordinary from Norway to the United States, who lives at 2137 R street, N. W. This fragment fell near a cot on which a baby was sleeping.

Those at whom the bombs were aimed were:

A. Mitchell Palmer, attorney general of the United States. His residence in Washington was badly damaged. Police say two men were killed. One is supposed to have been the one who set the bomb. He was blown to pieces.

The other victim may have been an accomplice, or perhaps a passerby. Harry L. Davis, mayor of Cleveland. His residence was badly damaged. No one was wounded.

Justice Albert F. Hayden of the Roxbury municipal court, Boston. Residence damaged, but no one was at home.

Judge W. H. Thompson of the Pittsburgh federal district. Home damaged by bomb aimed at him, but placed on porch of adjoining residence of C. J. Cassidy.

Judge Charles C. Nott, Jr., of general sessions, New York. Woman caretaker killed. Several other persons wounded.

Leland W. Powers—Massachusetts state representative and son of former congressman. Home at Newtonville, Mass., badly damaged.

Max Gold—Wealthy silk manufacturer at Paterson, N. J.

Other bombs were thrown in Philadelphia, where a Catholic church and a residence were blown up.

All the windows on both sides of the street, on either side of the Palmer house and across the way, were blown in, and pictures were blown from the walls.

Police picked up along with bits of clothing of one of the men killed a copy of "Plain Words," a radical publication. Other fragments of this and other radical papers were found in the neighborhood.

Other literature was in the form of dodgers, the heading of which, in large red type, read, "Plain Talk to Anarchists," and bore the printed signature "Anarchistic Fighters."

WIRE STRIKE AT ATLANTA

Union Operators Fulfill Threat to Walk Out When Officials Refuse to Reinstatement Girls.

Atlanta, Ga., June 4.—In accordance with the ultimatum served on officials of the Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph company, union operators started a walkout, because of failure of the company to reinstate a number of girls dismissed for alleged union affiliations. Shortly after that hour more than 150 girls had left switchboards.

All Yanks Home by August 1.

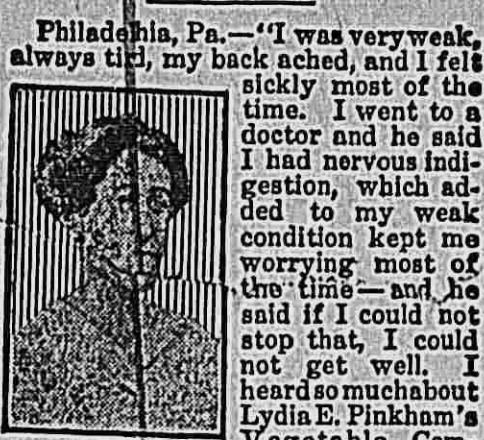
Washington, June 4.—Continued use of naval ships in returning troops from France was urged by Secretary Baker. With the aid of the navy, the secretary said, practically every soldier will be out of France by August 1.

Dean of Printers Is Dead.

Montgomery, Mo., June 4.—Tyler Parker, who set type with Mark Twain in Hannibal, Mo., 60 years ago, died at his home here. He was eighty-two years old. He was said to be the oldest printer in the United States.

THIS WEEK, NERVOUS MOTHER

Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Relieved Her Health.



Philadelphia, Pa.—"I was very weak, always tired, my back ached, and I felt sickly most of the time. I went to a doctor and he said I had nervous indigestion, which added to my weak condition kept me worrying most of the time—and he said if I could not stop that, I could not get well. I heard so much about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that I tried it. I took it for a week and felt a little better. I kept it up for three months, and I feel fine and can eat anything now without distress or nervousness."—Mrs. J. WORTHLEIGH, 2842 North Taylor St., Philadelphia.

The majority of mothers nowadays overdo, there are so many demands upon their time and strength; the result is invariably a weakened, run-down, nervous condition with headache, backache, irritability and depression—and soon more serious ailments develop. It is at such periods in life that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will restore a normal healthy condition, as it did to Mrs. Worthleigh.

Perfectly Willing. "What sort of a fellow is he?" "Well, if you and he have had dinner together and you insist upon paying the check, he won't even give you an argument."

SWAMP-ROOT FOR KIDNEY AILMENTS

There is only one medicine that really stands out pre-eminent as a medicine for curable ailments of the kidneys, liver and bladder.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root stands the highest for the reason that it has proven to be just the remedy needed in thousands upon thousands of distressing cases. Swamp-Root makes friends quickly because its mild and immediate effect is soon realized in most cases. It is a gentle, healing, vegetable compound.

Start treatment at once. Sold at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

However, if you wish to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper—Adv.

Poor Relations. "Any poor relations in your family?" "Yes. We are the ones."

If the tongue could kill, good people would no longer have a monopoly of dying young.

POWDER IN SHOES AS WELL AS GUNS

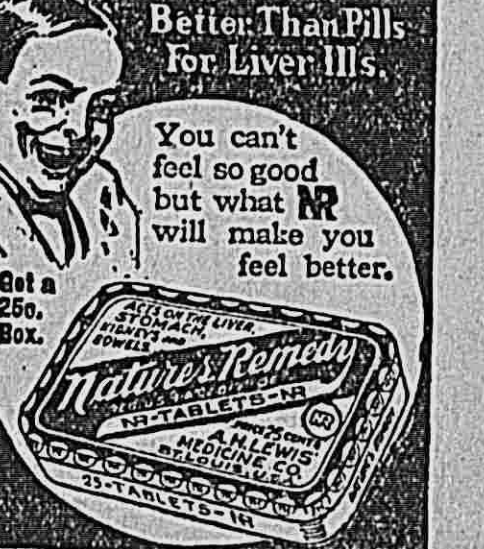
Foot-Ease to Be Added to Equipment of Hospital Corps at Fort Wayne.

Under the above heading the Detroit Free Press, among other things says: "The theory is that soldiers whose feet are in good condition can walk further and faster than soldiers who have corns and bunions incased in rawhide."

The Plattsburg Camp Manual advises men in training to shake Foot-Ease in their shoes each morning. There is no foot comforter equal to Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic, healing powder to be shaken into the shoes and sprinkled in the foot-bath, for hot, tired, aching, perspiring, smarting, swollen, tender feet, corns, bunions, blisters or callouses. What wouldn't you give to be relieved of one day's pain of your corns and bunions? Here is relief for every day. You won't realize this until you have tried Allen's Foot-Ease yourself. You simply forget all about your feet they are made so comfortable. Ask your druggist to-day for a package of ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.

Cuticura Soap Best for Baby

Soap, Ointment and Lotion. Cuticura, Dept. E, Boston.



Daisy Fly Killer Placed Anywhere ATTRACTS AND KILLS. Flies, mosquitos, house flies, etc. Kill them all. Cuticura, Dept. E, Boston.

TERMS WILL LEAVE AUSTRIA STATE OF 7 MILLION PEOPLE

44,800,000 Nationals Are Taken Away From Former Monarchy.

"YOU HOLD OUR FATE," SAYS VIENNA'S ENVOY

Dr. Renner, Head of Delegation, As-
serts His Will Work for Peace on
Allied Basis—Part Is Similar to
That Handed to Germany—Must
Accept It Within Fifteen Days.

St. Germain, France, June 4.—Fif-
teen days were given to Austria to re-
ply to the terms of peace presented
by the allied nations in the Stone Age
room in the old palace at St. Ger-
main.

The proceedings, which will make
the Hapsburg rule in southern Europe
hereafter simply a matter of history
were held in the ancient castle of St.
Germain where royal exiles during the
days of the empire mourned the loss
of the throne.

M. Clemenceau, president of the
peace conference, was the first promi-
nent figure to arrive at the meeting
at which the terms of peace were pre-
sented.

Secretary Lansing and Henry White
were the first American representa-
tives to arrive. Premier Orlando of
Italy and Premier Paderewski of Po-
land and Arthur J. Balfour following.
Col. E. M. House was the only mem-
ber of the American delegation not
present.

In addition to the conference rep-
resentatives of the allied and associated
powers there were present many dis-
tinguished persons, including Marshal
Foch, General Bliss, Admiral Benson
and American Ambassador Wallace.

Wilson Delays Proceedings.

President Wilson delayed the cere-
mony of presentation. He reached St.
Germain at 12:14. A puncture of the
tire of his automobile held him up on
the way.

The mishap occurred at St. Cloud.
While the punctured tire was being
mended an army car passed. It was
commandeered by the president's
party and the president and Rear Ad-
miral Grayson drove at high speed to
St. Germain.

The Austrian representatives arrived
at 12:22 o'clock, entering the chamber
by a rear entrance. The delegates
were attired in conventional morning
dress.

The Austrians were escorted in by
an Italian officer.

Immediately upon their arrival at
12:22 p. m. the session was opened
formally by announcement of the head
usher. Premier Clemenceau, presi-
dent of the peace conference, at once
began his address.

Clemenceau's Words Translated.

Clemenceau spoke in French. His
remarks were translated into English,
then into Italian and then into Ger-
man. He spoke only three minutes.

The hall was densely packed, many
of the secretaries having been admit-
ted to the chamber and the denseness
of the throng detracted somewhat
from the impressiveness of the cere-
mony.

Paul Dastna, general secretary of
the peace conference, presented the
terms to the Austrians at 12:37.

Dr. Karl Renner, the Austrian chan-
cellor and head of the delegation, then
began an address in French.

Doctor Renner promised loyalty to
do his best to work out a peace on
the basis presented. "Our state rests
in your hand," said Doctor Renner
following the presentation of the al-
lies' terms. "and we hope before the
conscience of the world that the allies
will not abuse this power."

The entire peace treaty was not pre-
sented to the Austrians, and the 15-
day stipulation with regard to their
reply, therefore, refers only to the por-
tion of the terms handed them.

Doctor Renner Complains of Delay.

Doctor Renner opened with a com-
plaint at the delay in the presenta-
tion of the peace terms. The chan-
cellor declared the Austrian republic
was entirely free from the Hapsburg
dynasty. It would never have de-
clared war itself, he asserted. The
chancellor concluded his address at
12:50. The address was translated
into English and Italian.

Doctor Renner stood while reading
his speech, and his attitude, like that
of the entire Austrian delegation, was
extremely courteous, contrasting
sharply with that of Count von Brock-
dorf-Hantzau and the Germans at
Versailles. The conciliatory tones of
Doctor Renner apparently created a
good impression on the allied delega-
tion. The general atmosphere seemed
quite friendly.

After Doctor Renner's address, in

which the chancellor expressed grati-
tude for the food relief that had come
from the Hoover commission, Premier
Clemenceau asked if anyone else de-
sired to speak. There was no re-
sponse and he declared the ceremony
ended.

The translation of Premier Clemen-
ceau's and Chancellor Renner's
speeches into three languages occupied
the larger part of the session. It ad-
journed at 1:14 o'clock after having
taken up 52 minutes.

Doctor Renner probably will go to
Switzerland.

Those clauses which are not yet
ready for presentation will be de-
livered as soon as possible, the Aus-
trians in the meantime having the
opportunity to begin work on the
greater part of the treaty in an ef-
fort to facilitate a final decision.

The Austrian treaty follows exact-
ly the same outline as the German,
and in many places is identical with
it, except for the change in name.
Certain specific new clauses included,
especially as regards the new states
created out of the former Austro-
Hungarian empire and the protection
of the rights of the racial, religious
and linguistic minorities in Austria,
Czechoslovakia, Roumania and Serb-
Croato-Slovene state.

Austria is left by the treaty a
state of from 6,000,000 to 7,000,000
people, inhabiting a territory of be-
tween 5,000 and 6,000 square miles.
She is required to recognize the com-
plete independence of Hungary, Czech-
Slovakia and the Serb-Croat-
Slovene state, and to cede other ter-
ritory which previously in union
with her composed the empire of
Austria-Hungary, with its popula-
tion of over 50,000,000 people.

To Demobilize Navy.

Austria agreed to accept the league
of nations covenant and the labor
charter, to renounce all her extra-
European rights, to demobilize her
whole naval and aerial forces, to ad-
mit the right of trial by the allied
and associated powers of her na-
tionals guilty of violating the law and
customs of force, and to accept
detailed provisions similar to those
of the German treaty as to economic
relations and freedom of transit.

Of the following summary part one
of the treaty containing the covenant
of the league of nations and part
twelve, containing the labor conven-
tion, are omitted as being identical
with corresponding sections of the Ger-
man treaty. Part six, dealing with
prisoners of war and graves, and part
eleven, with aerial navigation, are also
identical except for the substitution
of names, and are likewise omitted.
Part thirteen of the German treaty
containing guarantees of execution is
not paralleled in the Austrian treaty.

Preamble.

The preamble is longer and more
detailed than in the German summary
and is as follows:

"Whereas, on the request of the for-
mer imperial and royal Austro-Hungar-
ian government, an armistice was
granted to Austria-Hungary on Novem-
ber 3, 1918, by the principal allied and
associated powers in order that a
treaty of peace might be concluded,
and

"Whereas, the allied and associated
powers are equally desirous that the
war in which certain among them
were successfully involved, directly or
indirectly, against Austria, and which
originated in the declaration of war
against Serbia on July 28, 1914, by the
former imperial and royal Austro-
Hungarian government, and in the hos-
tilities conducted by Germany in al-
liance with Austria-Hungary should be
replaced by a firm, just and durable
peace; and

"Whereas the former Austro-Hungar-
ian monarchy has now ceased to
exist, and has been replaced in Aus-
tria by a republican government; and

"Whereas, the principal allied and
associated powers have already recog-
nized that the Czechoslovak state,
in which are incorporated certain por-
tions of said monarchy, is a free,
independent and allied state; and

"Whereas, the said powers have recog-
nized the union of certain portions
of the said monarchy with the terri-
tory of the kingdom of Serbia as a
free, independent and allied state,
under the name of Serb-Croat-Slovene
state; and

"Whereas, it is necessary while re-
storing peace to regulate the situation
which has arisen from the dissolution
of the said monarchy and the forma-
tion of the said states, and to estab-
lish the government of these countries
on a firm foundation of justice and
equity.

"For this purpose the high contract-
ing parties, duly named

"Who, having communicated their
full powers, found in good and due
form, have agreed as follows:

"From the coming into force of the
present treaty the state of war will
terminate.

"Austria is recognized as a new and
independent state under the name of
the Republic of Austria.

"From that moment, and subject to
the provisions of this treaty, official
relations will exist between the allied
and associated powers and the Repub-
lic of Austria."

LEAGUE OR NEW WARS, DECLARES PRESIDENT WILSON

American Executive Speaks In Cemetery of Yank Dead Near Paris.

EULOGIZES U. S. SOLDIERS; MUST PREVENT MORE WARS

Says Society of Nations Is Fruit of
Sacrifice—Views Foes of Plan in
Same Light as Those Who Opposed
Union of North and South.

Paris, May 31.—The text of the
Memorial address of President Wilson
at Suresnes cemetery, is as follows:

"Mr. Ambassador, Ladies and Gen-
tlemen, Fellow Countrymen:

"No one with a heart in his breast,
no American, no lover of humanity,
can stand in the presence of these
graves without the most profound emo-
tion. These men who lie here are
men of a unique breed. Their like
has not been seen since the days of
crusades.

"Never before have men crossed the
seas to a foreign land to fight for a
cause of humanity which they did not
pretend was particularly their own,
but knew was the cause of humanity
and of mankind. And when they came
they found comrades for their courage
and their devotion. They found arm-
ies of liberty already in the field—
men who, though they had gone
through three years of fiery trial,
seemed only to be just discovering, not
for a moment losing, the high temper
of the great affair; men seasoned in
the bloody service of liberty. Joining
hands with these, the men of America
gave the greatest of all gifts—the gift
of life and the gift of spirit.

Praises Unflinching Courage.

"It will always be a treasured mem-
ory on the part of those who knew and
loved these men that the testimony of
everybody who saw them in the field
of action was their unflinching cou-
rage, their ardor to the point of au-
dacity, their full consciousness of the
high cause they had come to serve and
their constant vision of the issue.

"It is delightful to learn from those
who saw these men fight and saw them
waiting in the trenches for a sum-
mons to the fight that they had a touch
of the high spirit of religion, that
they knew they were exhibiting a spir-
it as well as a physical might, and
those of us who know and love Amer-
ica know that they were discovering
to the whole world the true spirit and
devotion of their motherland. It was
America who came in the person of
these men and who will forever be
grateful that she was so represented.

"And it is the more delightful to en-
ertain these thoughts because we
know that these men, though buried in
a foreign land, are not buried in an
alien soil. They are at home, sleep-
ing with the spirits of those who
thought the same thoughts and enter-
tained the same aspirations. The no-
ble women of Suresnes have given evi-
dence of the loving sense with which
they received these dead as their own,
for they have cared for their graves,
they have made it their interest, their
loving interest, to see that there was
no hour of neglect and that constantly
through all the months that have
gone by the mothers at home should
know that there were mothers here
who remembered and honored their
dead.

"You have just heard in the beauti-
ful letter from M. Clemenceau what
I believe to be the real message of
France to us on a day like this, a mes-
sage of genuine comradeship, a mes-
sage of genuine sympathy, and I have
no doubt that if our British comrades
were here they would speak in the
same spirit and in the same language.
For the beauty of this war is that it
has brought a new partnership and
a new comradeship and a new under-
standing into the field of the effort of
the nation.

Lesson Taught by Sacrifices.

"But it would be no profit to us to
eulogize these illustrious dead if we
did not take to heart the lesson which
they have taught us. They are dead;
they have done their utmost to show
their devotion to a great cause, and
they have left us to see to it that
that cause shall not be betrayed,
whether in war or peace. It is our privi-
lege and our high duty to consecrate
ourselves afresh on a day like this to
the objects for which they fought.

"It is not necessary that I should re-
hearse to you what these objects were.
These men did not come across the sea
merely to defeat Germany and her as-
sociated powers in the war. They
came to defeat forever the things for
which the central powers stood, the
sort of power they meant to assert in
the world.

"So it is our duty to take and main-

tain the safeguards which will see to
it that the mothers of America and
the mothers of France and England
and Italy and Belgium and all other
suffering nations should never be
called upon for this sacrifice again.
This can be done. It must be done.
And it will be done. The things that
these men left us, though they did not
in their counsels conceive it, is the
great instrument which we have just
erected in the league of nations.

"The league of nations is the cov-
enant of government that these men
shall not have died in vain. I like to
think that the dust of those sons of
America who were privileged to be
buried in their mother country will
mingle with the dust of the men
who fought for the preservation of
the Union, and that America might be
united, these men have given their
lives in order that the world might be
united.

"Those men gave their lives in order
to secure the freedom of a nation.
These men have given theirs in order
to secure the freedom of mankind, and
I look forward to an age when it will
be just as impossible to regret the re-
sults of their labor as it is now im-
possible to regret the results of the
labor of those men who fought for
the union of the states. I look for the
time when every man who now puts
his counsel against the united
service of mankind under the
league of nations will be just as
ashamed of it as if he now regretted
the union of the states.

Fight Final Battle for Right.

"You are aware, as I am aware, that
the airs of an older day are beginning
to stir again, that the standards of an
old order are trying to assert them-
selves again. There is here and there
an attempt to insert into the counsel
of statesmen the old reckoning of sel-
fishness and bargaining and national
advantage which were the roots of
this war, and any man who counsels
these things advocates a renewal of
the sacrifice which these men have
made; for if this is not the final bat-
tle for right, there will be another that
will be final.

"Let these gentlemen who suppose
that it is possible for them to accom-
plish this return to an order of which
we are ashamed and that we are ready
to forget, realize they cannot accom-
plish it. The peoples of the world
are in the saddle. Private counsels of
statesmen cannot now and cannot
hereafter determine the destinies of
nations.

"If we are not the servants of the
opinion of mankind, we are of all men
the littlest, the most contemptible,
the least gifted with vision. If we do
not know courage, we cannot accomplish
our purpose, and this age is an age
which looks forward, not backward;
which rejects the standard of national
selfishness that once governed the
counsels of nations and demands that
they shall give way to a new order of
things.

"This is a challenge that no previ-
ous generation ever dared to give ear
to. So many things have happened and
they have happened so fast in the last
four years that I do not think many of
us realize what it is that has hap-
pened. Think how impossible it would
have been to get a body of responsible
statesmen seriously to entertain the
idea of the organization of a league
of nations four years ago!

"And think of the change that has
taken place! I was told before I came
to France that there would be confu-
sion of counsels about this thing and
I found unity of counsel. I was told
that there would be opposition and I
found union of action. I found the
statesmen with whom I was about to
deal united in the idea that we must
have a league of nations; that we
could not merely make a peace settle-
ment and then leave it to make itself
effectual.

Spirits Not Buried With Bodies.

"Ladies and gentlemen, we all be-
lieve, I hope, that the spirits of these
men are not buried with their bodies.
Their spirits live. I hope—I believe—
that their spirits are present with us
at this hour. I hope that I feel the
compulsion of their presence. I hope
that I realize the significance of their
presence. Think, soldiers of those
comrades of yours who are gone. If
they were here, what would they say?
They would not remember what you
are talking about today. They would
remember America which they left
with their high hope and purpose.
And they would say:

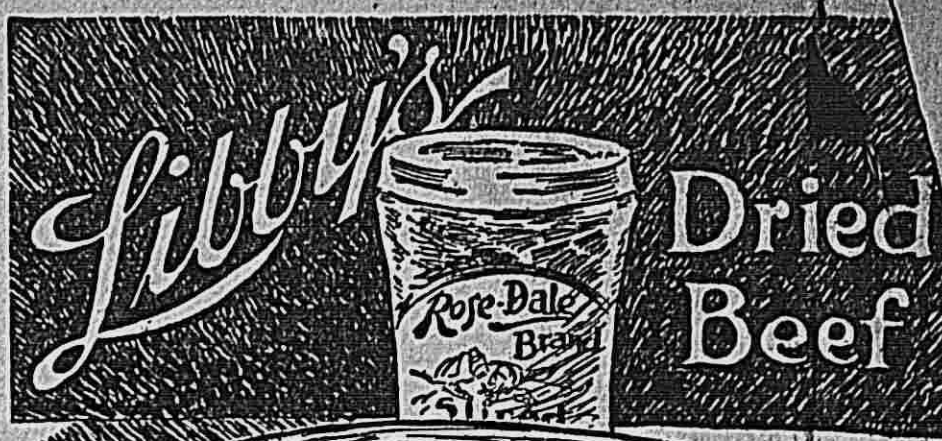
"Forget all the little circumstances
of the day. Be ashamed of the Jeal-
ousies that divide you. We command
you in the name of those who, like
ourselves, have died to bring the coun-
sels of men together, and we remind
you what America said she was born
for. She was born, she said, to show
mankind the way to liberty. She was
born to make this great gift a common
gift. She was born to show men the
way of experience by which they
might realize this gift and maintain it,
and we adjure you in the name of all
the great traditions of America to
make yourselves soldiers now once for
all in this common cause where we
need wear no uniform except the uni-
form of the heart."

LIKE DAYLIGHT SAVING PLAN

Head of Organization Appeals to
Chambers of Commerce to Join
Protest Against Repeal of Law.

New York, May 30.—Marcus M.
Marks, president of the National Day-
light association, sent appeals to cham-
bers of commerce throughout the na-
tion to join in a protest against the
repeal of the daylight-saving law. A
rider on the agricultural bill calls for
its repeal.

"The repeal of the daylight-saving
law will be pernicious class legisla-
tion," said Mr. Marks. "It has been
said that a few farmers are opposed
to the act, but on the other hand, mil-
lions are in favor of the extra hour
of sunlight. In a year it has saved
more than 1,000,000 tons of coal; mini-
mized eye strain by obviating work
under the glare of gas and electricity;
has promoted gardening, thereby re-
ducing the abnormally high expenses of
food, and has lowered the gas and elec-
tric light bills."



A cream sauce poured over ten-
der, uniformly wafer-like slices
of Libby's Dried Beef makes a
delicious luncheon at little cost.
Ask your grocer today for Libby's
Dried Beef.

Libby, McNeill & Libby
Chicago

Western Canada's "Horn of Plenty" Offers You Health & Wealth



Western Canada for
years has helped to feed
the world—the same respon-
sibility of product still rests upon her.
While high prices for Grain, Cattle and Sheep
are sure to remain, price of land much below its value.
Land capable of yielding 3 to 45 bush-
els of wheat to the acre on by hand on
easy terms at from \$1 to \$50 per
acre—good grazing land much less.

Many farms paid for from a single year's crop. Raising
cattle, sheep and hogs brings equal success. The Government
encourages farming and stock raising. Railway and
Land Companies offer unusual inducements to Home Seek-
ers. Farms may be stocked by bank mortgage interest.
Western Canada offers low taxation, good markets and ship-
ping; free schools, churches and health climate.
For particulars as to reduced railway rates of land, those
who are interested in the West, write to the Canadian Government Agents
C. J. Broughton, Room 412, 112 W. Ave. Street, Chicago, Ill.;
M. V. MacLennan, 116 Jefferson Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

At Least H Was There.
When he was Minister of the In-
terior in the Sarre cabinet, M. Clemen-
ceau prescribed the function-
aries of his department precise office
hours which were to be rigorously
observed. One day early in the af-
ternoon, he called his bureau chief
Mr. Winter, and said:

"Let us take a t in the bureau.
Obviously his command had had
the effect. Office after office was
found empty. At last, in a nook un-
der the roof, they came upon a pe-
dantic clerk who overcame by de-
feat, had fallen asleep at his de-
sk. Mr. Winter sprang forward to shake
and rouse him, but M. Clemenceau
checked him:

"Sapristi! But, I Don't waken
him, or he, too, will run away!"

Both G There.
"Sammy" Col. of Luxborough,
West Somerset, had, a famous pe-
destrian preacher during 40 years
walked 35,000 m to keep preaching
engagements.

When war broke out Capt. John Mac-
Gregor, M. C. C. M. Canadian
mounted rifles, who has been awarded
the Victoria Cross, snowshoed over
100 miles to the colors.

Lobster served Promptly.
"A lobster hurry, waiter."
"Yes, sir, attend to you right
away."—Boston Transcript.

Not Always.
"A woman as young as she looks,"
—but no says as young as she
thinks she is.—Boston Transcript.

Why Complain of Coffee Or The High Price of Coffee

when you can have superior
beverage of rich flavor and
health value by making the
original

POSTUM CEREAL

It's an American drink whose
high quality varies. Its
price doesn't change and it's
economical.

Two sizes, usually sold at 15c and 25c.
Everywhere at Grocers.

NAMES OF UNUSUAL MEATS

Beef Brains, Lamb Fries Etc., Are
Considered More Nourishing Than
Many Other Cuts.

The so-called "fancy meats," known
also as "unusual meats," comprise the
following: Beef brains, sheep brains,
pork brains, lamb fries, beef fries, calf
feet, pork feet, calf heads, lamb heads,
pork heads, calf livers, veal livers, beef
livers, pork livers, lamb livers, beef
melts, pork melts, sheep melts, beef

tripe, beef sweetbreads, calf sweet-
breads, pork tails, oxtails, pork ears,
beef hanging tenders, beef hearts, pork
hearts, sheep hearts, pork jowls, pork
kidneys, pork snouts, pork lips, pork
tongues, lamb tongues, beef tongues,
calf tongues, oxtail joints. These fancy
meats are considered even more nour-
ishing than many of the cuts of meats
frequently ordered. For instance, in-
sultory tests show that a pound of liver
contains nearly twice as much protein
as a pound of beef, which has an
average percentage of bone and fat.

LAKE VILLA

party at Mrs. Egler's at Antioch on
Tuesday evening.

The idea that the moving picture machine at the church is a money making proposition seems to be prevalent and we would like to correct the idea. The object of the movies at the church is to provide good clean entertaining pictures for the use of our village folks and so far the pictures have been splendid. Come out this week Saturday and see for yourself.

TREVOR

Mrs. Maggie Parks has as her guest

Camp Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. N. Burton and son Dick were guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. Kruckman Thursday night.

They have secured the same music for this dance. Roamy J. Meier's Jazz Frolic of Chicago.

MILLBURN

MILBURN

papa, said: "I'm looking for a bla
rose for my mamma, 'cause my pa

ON THE SOO LINE